PROTEUS, PROVIDENCIA, Morganella

Species - *P. Mirabilis* - *P. Vulgaris* - *P. Penneri* Characteristics - gram -- rod

- motile with peritrichus flagella
- non-spore forming
- non-encapsulated
- facultative anaerobic
- opportunistic pathogen
- **Reservoirs** humans (normal flora of the GI tract)
- water
- soil

Transmission - fecal-oral
direct contact
contaminated water
Toxins - LPS
Pathogenesis

Proteus species produce urease ,resulting in rapid hydrolysis of urea with libration of ammonia .Thus in urinary tract infections with *proteus* the urine becomes alkaline ,promoting stone formation .The rapid motility of this bacteria may contribute to its invasion of the urinary tract . *P.vulgaris* is an important nosocomial pathogens. **Diseases** - especially of young males & the elderly of both sexes, wound infections

- otitis media ,meningitis ,septicaemia , osteomyelitis , focal lesions of diabetic patients . bronchopneumonia

- cystitis and urolithiasis
- septicemia

Treatment – cephalosporins and aminoglycosides

PROVIDENCIA Species - P. Stuartii - P. Rettgeri - P. Alcalifaciens Characteristics - same characteristics, reservoirs, transmission and toxins as Proteus
(see above, only differs in diseases and treatment, see below)
Diseases - gastroenteritis (see 1, primarily occurs in travelers)
- wound infections (primarily if burned)
- bronchopneumonia (primarily if intubated)
- cystitis (primarily if urinary catheter) and urolithiasis

- septicemia

Treatment – fluoroquinolones, tetracyclines

Morganella

Strains of *Morganella morganii* are motile & lactosenon-fermenting .they are urease positive ,but they do not swarm on solid media *M.morganii* isolated from sputum ,infected wounds & urine .

Serratia

- *Serratia marcescens*: is a common opportunistic pathogen in hospitalized and narcotics addicts patients.
- **Characteristics :**
- A free-living saprophyteMotility +
- •Pink, red or magenta non diffusible pigment Prodigiosin
- •Has been found in RT and UT infections **Diseases:**
- Meningitis, endocarditis, peritonitis, septicemia
 Nosocomial infections
- •Multiple drug resistance to aminoglycosides and penicillins **Treatment** :Third generation of cephalosporins